

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance  
Trade name : Helium gas, Lasal 4, Helium balloon, Helium Alpagaz 1,  
CAS-No. : 7440-59-7  
Formula : He  
Synonyms : Helium, compressed / Helium gas  
Product group : Pure substance

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended uses and restrictions : Test/Calibration gas

#### 1.3. Supplier

Air Liquide Canada Inc.  
1250, René Lévesque West Blvd. Suite 1700  
Montreal, QC, H3B 5E6  
Canada  
T 1-800-817-7697  
[www.airliquide.ca](http://www.airliquide.ca)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 514-878-1667

### SECTION 2: Hazard identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification (GHS CA)

Gases under pressure Compressed gas H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated  
Full text of H statements : see section 16

#### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

##### GHS CA labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS CA) :



Signal word (GHS-CA) : Warning

Hazard statements (GHS CA) : H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated  
Precautionary statements (GHS CA) : P410+P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Asphyxiant in high concentrations.

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS CA)

No data available

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according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015)

### SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

Name : Helium (Compressed)  
CAS-No. : 7440-59-7  
EC-No. : 231-168-5

Name	Chemical name/Synonyms	Product identifier	%	Classification (GHS CA)
Helium	-	CAS-No.: 7440-59-7		Press. Gas (Comp.), H280

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

### SECTION 4: First-aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation if breathing stopped.  
First-aid measures after skin contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.  
First-aid measures after eye contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.  
First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Refer to section 11.

#### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Other medical advice or treatment : None.

### SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray or fog.

#### 5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet to extinguish.

#### 5.3. Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product

Reactivity in case of fire : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.  
Hazardous combustion products : None.

#### 5.4. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.  
Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems. If possible, stop flow of product. Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible. Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk.

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Special protective equipment for fire fighters : In confined space use self-contained breathing apparatus. Standard protective clothing and equipment (e.g, Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters. Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask. Standard EN 469 - Protective clothing for firefighters. Standard - EN 659: Protective gloves for firefighters.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Try to stop release. Evacuate area. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Act in accordance with local emergency plan. Stay upwind. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released.

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures : EVACUATE ALL PERSONNEL FROM AFFECTED AREA. Use appropriate protective equipment. If leak is on user's equipment, be certain to purge piping before attempting repairs. If leak is on a container or container valve contact the closest Air Liquide Canada location.

#### 6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Comply with local regulations for disposal.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up : Ventilate area.

#### 6.3. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection"

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Safe use of the product : The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations. Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularly) checked for leaks before use. Do not smoke while handling product. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Avoid suck back of water, acid and alkalis. Do not breathe the gas. Avoid release of product into work area.

Safe handling of the gas receptacle : Refer to supplier's container handling instructions. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. If user experiences any difficulty operating valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier. Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water. Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the cylinder contents. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock.

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### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place. Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition. Keep away from combustible materials.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Helium (Compressed) (7440-59-7)

#### USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH chemical category	Simple asphyxiant See Appendix F: Minimal Oxygen Content
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### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available). Consider the use of a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

Environmental exposure controls : Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Personal protective equipment:

Gloves. Safety glasses. Protective clothing. Safety shoes. A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered: PPE compliant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected.

#### Hand protection:

Wear working gloves when handling gas containers. Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risk.

#### Eye protection:

Wear safety glasses with side shields. Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection - specifications

#### Respiratory protection:

Self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or positive pressure airline with mask are to be used in oxygen-deficient atmospheres. Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask. Gas filters may be used if all surrounding conditions e.g. type and concentration of the contaminant(s) and duration of use are known. Use gas filters with full face mask, where exposure limits may be exceeded for a short-term period, e.g. connecting or disconnecting containers. Gas filters do not protect against oxygen deficiency. Standard EN 14387 - Gas filter(s), combined filter(s) and standard EN136, full face masks .

#### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):

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### Thermal hazard protection:

None in addition to the above sections.

### Other information:

Wear safety shoes while handling containers. Standard EN ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas
Appearance	: No data available
Color	: Colourless.
Odor	: Odorless
Odor threshold	: Odor threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn for overexposure
pH	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Molecular mass	: 17 g/mol
Melting point	: -272 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: -268.94 °C
Flash point	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Critical temperature	: -266.96 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Non flammable.
Vapor pressure	: Not applicable.
Vapor pressure at 50 °C	: Not applicable.
Critical pressure	: 230 kPa
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: 0.138
Relative density	: No reliable data available.
Relative gas density	: 0.14
Solubility	: Water: 1.5 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: Not applicable for inorganic products. Not applicable for gas-mixtures.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: Not applicable.
Explosion limits	: Non flammable.

### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
Chemical stability	: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: None.

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Conditions to avoid	: Avoid moisture in installation systems.
Incompatible materials	: None. For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114.
Hazardous decomposition products	: None.
Hardening time:	: No additional information available

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified.

#### Helium (Compressed) (7440-59-7)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	820000 ppm/4h
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ATE CA (Gases (except aerosol dispensers and lighters))	820000 ppmV/4h
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Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified pH: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

#### Helium (Compressed) (7440-59-7)

Viscosity, kinematic	Not applicable.
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Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Refer to section 11.
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### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: No ecological damage caused by this product.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)	: Not classified
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)	: Not classified

#### Helium (Compressed) (7440-59-7)

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Not applicable for gas-mixtures.
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Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	Not applicable for inorganic products.
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<b>Helium (7440-59-7)</b>	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	Not applicable for inorganic products.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

<b>Helium (Compressed) (7440-59-7)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

<b>Helium (7440-59-7)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

<b>Helium (Compressed) (7440-59-7)</b>	
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	Not applicable for inorganic products.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Not applicable for gas-mixtures.

<b>Helium (7440-59-7)</b>	
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	Not applicable for inorganic products.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

<b>Helium (Compressed) (7440-59-7)</b>	
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	Not applicable for inorganic products.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Not applicable for gas-mixtures.

<b>Helium (7440-59-7)</b>	
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	Not applicable for inorganic products.

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone	: Not classified
Effect on ozone layer	: No effect on the ozone layer.
Other adverse effects	: No known effects from this product.
Effect on global warming	: None.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods	: Contact supplier if guidance is required. Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous. Ensure that the emission levels from local regulations or operating permits are not exceeded. Refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at <a href="http://www.eiga.org">http://www.eiga.org</a> for more guidance on suitable disposal methods. Return unused product in original container to supplier.
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Additional information : External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.  
List of hazardous wastes : 16 05 05 : Gases in pressure containers other than those mentioned in 16 05 04.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with TDG / DOT / IMDG / IATA

#### 14.1. UN number

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1046  
DOT NA No : UN1046  
UN-No. (IMDG) : Not applicable  
UN-No. (IATA) : Not applicable

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name : HELIUM, COMPRESSED  
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Helium, compressed  
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : Not applicable  
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Not applicable

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

##### TDG

Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : 2.2  
Hazard labels (TDG) : 2.2



##### DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 2.2  
Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2



##### IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : Not applicable

##### IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : Not applicable

#### 14.4. Packing group

Packing group (TDG) : Not applicable  
Packing group (DOT) : Not applicable  
Packing group (IMDG) : Not applicable  
Packing group (IATA) : Not applicable

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.



# Helium (Compressed)

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according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015)

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### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment, Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency, Before transporting product containers: - Ensure there is adequate ventilation, - Ensure that containers are firmly secured, - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking, - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted, - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

### TDG

UN-No. (TDG)

: UN1046

TDG Special Provisions

: 148 - (1) Part 5 (Means of Containment) does not apply to radiation detectors that contain these dangerous goods in non-refillable pressure receptacles if

- (a) the working pressure in each receptacle is less than 5 000 KPa;
- (b) the capacity of each receptacle is less than 12 L;
- (c) each receptacle has a minimum burst pressure of
  - (i) at least 3 times the working pressure, when the receptacle is fitted with a relief device, or
  - (ii) at least 4 times the working pressure, when the receptacle is not fitted with a relief device;
- (d) each receptacle is manufactured from material that will not fragment upon rupture;
- (e) each detector is manufactured under a quality assurance program;
- (f) the detectors are transported in strong outer means of containment; and
- (g) a detector in its outer means of containment is capable of withstanding a 1.2 m drop test without breakage of the detector or rupture of the outer means of containment.

(2) Part 5 (Means of Containment) does not apply to radiation detectors that contain these dangerous goods in non-refillable pressure receptacles and that are included in equipment, if

- (a) the conditions set out in paragraphs (1)(a) to (e) are met; and
- (b) the equipment is contained in a strong outer means of containment or the equipment affords the detectors with protection that is equivalent to that provided by a strong outer means of containment.

(3) These Regulations, except for Part 1 (Coming into Force, Repeal, Interpretation, General Provisions and Special Cases) and Part 2 (Classification), do not apply to radiation detectors that contain these dangerous goods in non-refillable pressure receptacles, including detectors in radiation detection systems, if the detectors meet the requirements of subsection (1) or (2), as applicable, and the capacity of the receptacles that contain the detectors is less than 50 mL, 16 - (1) The technical name of at least one of the most dangerous substances that predominantly contributes to the hazard or hazards posed by the dangerous goods must be shown, in parentheses, on the shipping document following the shipping name in accordance with clause 3.5(1)(c)(ii)(A) of Part 3 (Documentation). The technical name must also be shown, in parentheses, on a small means of containment or on a tag following the shipping name in accordance with subsections 4.11(2) and (3) of Part 4 (Dangerous Goods Safety Marks).

(2) Despite subsection (1), the technical name for the following dangerous goods is not required to be shown on a shipping document or on a small means of containment when Canadian law for domestic transport or an international convention for international transport prohibits the disclosure of the technical name:

- (a) UN1544, ALKALOID SALTS, SOLID, N.O.S. or ALKALOIDS, SOLID, N.O.S.;
- (b) UN1851, MEDICINE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.;
- (c) UN3140, ALKALOID SALTS, LIQUID, N.O.S. or ALKALOIDS, LIQUID, N.O.S.;
- (d) UN3248, MEDICINE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S. or
- (e) UN3249, MEDICINE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

(3) Despite subsection (1), the technical name for the following dangerous goods is not required to be shown on a small means of containment:

- (a) UN2814, INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING HUMANS; or
- (b) UN2900, INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING ANIMALS.

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index

: 0.125 L

Excepted quantities (TDG)

: E1

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Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index : 75 L  
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 120 (UN1963);121 (UN1046)

**DOT**  
UN-No.(DOT) : UN1046  
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 306;307  
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 302  
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 302;314  
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 75 kg  
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 150 kg  
DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

**IMDG**  
No data available

**IATA**  
No data available

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. National regulations

**Helium (Compressed) (7440-59-7)**

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### 15.2. International regulations

**Helium (Compressed) (7440-59-7)**

Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory)  
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)  
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)  
Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)  
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)  
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)  
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory  
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

## SECTION 16: Other information

Training advice : The hazard of asphyxiation is often overlooked and must be stressed during operator training.

### Full text of H-phrases:

H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
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<b>Abbreviations and acronyms:</b>	
	ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
	CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
	REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
	EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
	CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number
	PPE - Personal Protection Equipment
	LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
	RMM - Risk Management Measures
	PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
	STOT- SE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
	CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment
	EN - European Standard
	UN - United Nations
	ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
	IATA - International Air Transport Association
	IMDG code - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
	WGK - Water Hazard Class
	STOT - RE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), Canada

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